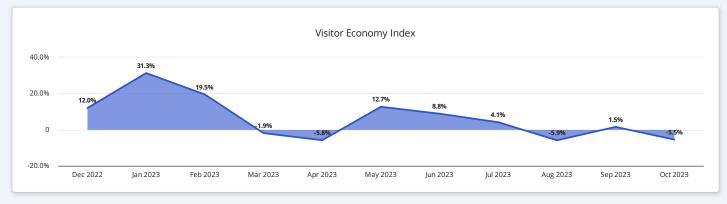
. Situational Awareness 12/12/202

Situational Awareness Summary (formerly Guide: Your Destination)

Understand how your destination is performing by analyzing high-level visitation and spending trends, as well as key hotel insights. This 'destination pulse' is valuable for sharing in board reports or with local stakeholders. These insights are based on a device count sample size of 15,369 and a cardholder count sample size of 8,221. Your weekly STR data is submitted via data@zartico.com and is current as of 2023-11-30. Please note that geolocation data less than 30 days old is subject to change and should not be used in reporting.

How is your visitor economy performing compared to last year?

Sources: Zartico Geolocation Data, Zartico Spend Data, Monthly STR and AirDNA if your destination subscribes. Note: The Visitor Economy Index measures the year-over-year percent change across several data sources and combines them to give you a clearer view of how your destination's tourism economy is doing compared to the same month in the previous year. Anything above 0% means that month's performance is ahead of the previous year. Anything below 0% indicates that month's performance is below the previous year. Click into a month to see the year-over-year percent change by data source.



Key Destination Insights

Source: STR Weekly, Zartico Geolocation Data, Zartico Spend Data. Note: The hotel insights below are applicable to your STR Weekly Primary Geography. A Visitor-to-Resident Ratio of less than 1, tends to have little resident friction. Between 1 & 1.5 has increasing friction and for prolonged periods above 1.5 a proactive destination management plan is recommended. The Average Visitor Spending is calculated per visitor cardholder to your destination and will not display if 10 or less cardholders are present based on the filters selected.

72.0%

74% 69.1%
change prev. year

 \$105

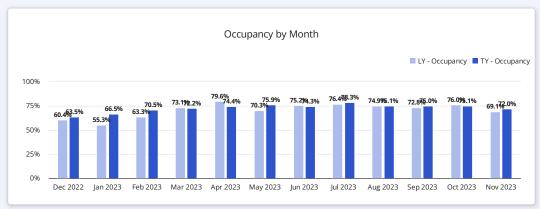
\$-19% \$129

change prev.year

How did your hotels perform over the last 12 months?

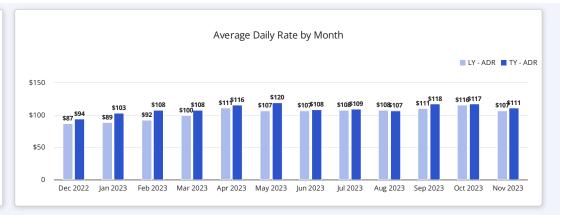
Source: STR Weekly. Note: insights below are applicable to your STR Weekly Primary Geography and are not tied to the Date range filter at the top. TY stands for "This Year" and LY stands for "Last Year". The insights below show a rolling 12 months with the current month excluded.





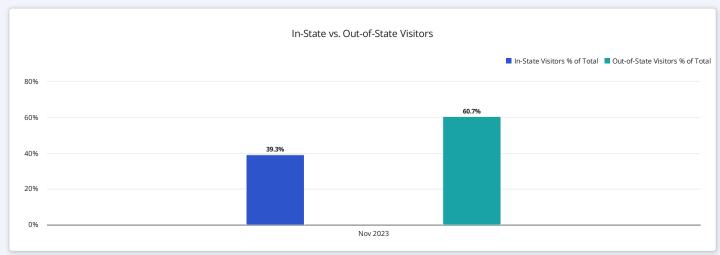
Rolling 12-Month Hotel ADR

\$110
6% \$103
Versus LY-ADR



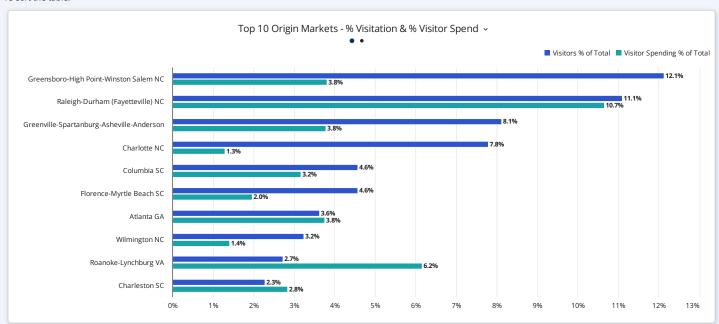
Where are visitors to your destination coming from?

Sources: Zartico Geolocation Data.



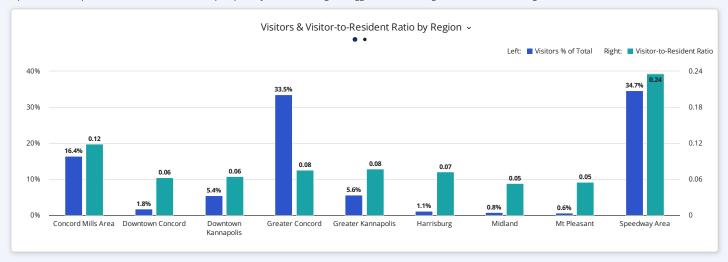
How do your visitation origin markets compare to visitor spending origin markets?

Sources: Zartico Geolocation Data, Zartico Spend Data. Note: The insight below is filtered to show the top 10 Market Areas based on total visitation for the date range selected. Tip: Click into a Visitor Market Area to see the metrics by Visitor City. Toggle to the next insight to see all Market Areas in a table format, and click column headers to re-sort the table.



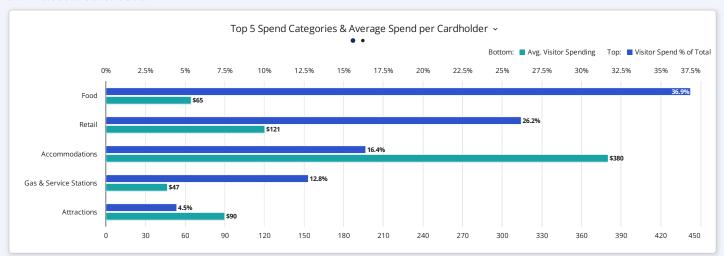
Where are visitors going within your destination?

Sources: Zartico Geolocation Data. Note: This insight helps you balance the volume of visitation with the capacity in that region to welcome visitors. Visitor-to-Resident Ratios lower than 1 are prime candidates for additional visitation. "Other" in your regions simply means visitation is taking place at POIs outside the regions you defined during implementation. Tip: Click into visitation to see the top 10 primary POIs in that Region. Toggle to the next insight to see a table of all Regions.



What are visitors spending money on within your destination?

Source: Zartico Spend Data. Tip: Click into a spend category to see spend by MCC in that category, or toggle to the next insight to see all categories in a table format, and click column headers to re-sort the table.



How many devices is this snapshot based on?

These metrics provide a reference for the number of unique visitor devices (Zartico Geolocation Data) and cardholders (Zartico Spend Data) used in the insights above. These values are controlled by the combination of filters selected at the top of the module. In statistics, larger sample sizes result in smaller margins of error (%+/-) and a higher confidence interval. This means that it is less likely that the result you are seeing is due to statistical noise and the greater the confidence you can have in the insights being provided. If these diagnostics show yellow or red values, the insights should be treated as directional, but less precise owing to a smaller sample size. In these cases, eliminating filter criteria at the top of the module or widening the date range will increase the sample size and increase both accuracy and confidence in the data.

Visitor Device Count Sample Size

15,369

Visitor Cardholder Count Sample Size 8,221